



KAF iCASH FUND

ANNUAL REPORT

31 JULY 2026

MANAGER'S REPORT

We are pleased to present the Manager's Report for the financial year ended 31 July 2026 ("the period").

1. Launch Date

KAF iCash Fund ("KICF/the Fund") commenced operations on 3 September 2018 and will continue its operations until terminated according to the Master Deed dated 1 June 2018 and Supplemental Master Deed dated 22 February 2023.

2. Type of Fund

Islamic Income Fund.

3. Category of Fund

Islamic Money Market Fund.

4. Fund's Objective, Benchmark and Distribution Policy

The Fund's objective is to provide investors with liquidity while providing reasonable returns by investing its assets in Islamic deposits.

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in a portfolio of Islamic deposits placed with financial institutions in Malaysia. KICF will invest at least 90% of its Net Asset Value ("NAV") in placement of short-term Islamic deposits.

In managing the Fund, the Manager will seek out financial institutions that are able to offer attractive (i.e. rates at or above the benchmark rate) Islamic deposit rates. The manager will construct a portfolio of Islamic deposits with different maturity profiles for the liquidity requirement while maximising the portfolio returns.

The Benchmark used to measure KICF's performance is the Malayan Islamic Banking Berhad ("Maybank Islamic") 1-month fixed deposit rate.

Subject to the availability of income, distributions will be made on a monthly basis. All such distribution will be reinvested into the Fund.

5. Review of Fund Operations and Performance

For the financial year ended 31 July 2026, KICF’s asset allocation was in Islamic deposits which provided a steady level of return at a very low risk exposure from interest rate fluctuations and credit risk.

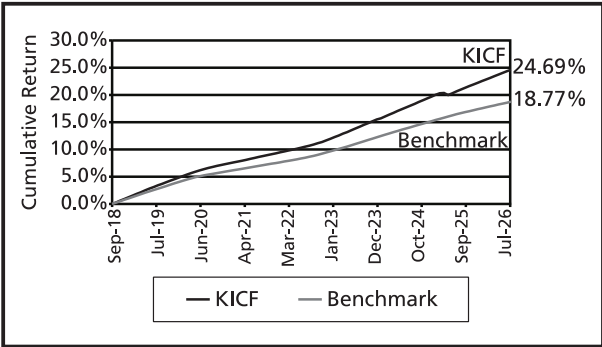
During the year under review, KICF based on its NAV per unit recorded a return of 3.06%. The Fund outperformed its benchmark which recorded a return of 1.80%.

Since its inception, KICF based on its NAV gave a return of 24.69%. The Fund outperformed its benchmark, which recorded a return of 18.77%.

During this financial year, KICF distributed a total of 0.12 sen in monthly distribution in the form of reinvested units.

No cross-trade transaction carried out during the reported period ended 31 July 2026. The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transaction for the reported period.

Performance Chart since Inception
(3 September 2018 to 31 July 2026)



Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd, an independent source.

Fund Performance as ranked by Lipper Asia Limited

Period	KICF		Mean of Industry's Islamic Money Market Funds
	% Change	Rank	% Change
3 months 24/04/2026 - 24/07/2026	0.74	28/48	0.70
6 months 23/01/2026 - 24/07/2026	1.49	29/47	1.41
1 year 24/07/2025 - 24/07/2026	3.06	23/44	2.75
3 years 24/07/2023 - 24/07/2026	9.21	26/40	9.31
5 years 23/07/2021 - 24/07/2026	14.78	17/34	13.84

Source: The Edge 3 August 2026 issue, The Edge-Lipper Fund Performance Table, an independent source.

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

For the financial year under review, the Fund was ranked No. 23 out of 44 funds in the Edge-Lipper Fund Performance in the 1-year Islamic Money Market Fund category by Lipper Asia Limited. KICF achieved a return of 3.06% compared to the mean of industry's Islamic Money Market funds' which return of 2.75%.

During the financial year, the Fund’s NAV increased to RM108.82 million from RM95.64 million as at 31 July 2025 due to inflows. The NAV per unit was increased to RM1.1393 as compared to the NAV per unit of RM1.1067 on 31 July 2025.

KICF’s total realised income amounted to RM2.59 million arising from profit income earned during the year under review.

MANAGER'S REPORT

The following distributions have been declared during the year and the impacts on NAV per unit arising from the distributions are as follows:

Date	NAV per unit before Distribution	Distribution per unit	NAV per unit after Distribution
	RM	RM	RM
15-Aug-25	1.1082	0.0001	1.1081
17-Sep-25	1.1112	0.0001	1.1111
15-Oct-25	1.1137	0.0001	1.1136
17-Nov-25	1.1166	0.0001	1.1165
15-Dec-25	1.1191	0.0001	1.1190
15-Jan-26	1.1219	0.0001	1.1218
16-Feb-26	1.1246	0.0001	1.1245
16-Mar-26	1.1271	0.0001	1.1270
15-Apr-26	1.1297	0.0001	1.1296
15-May-26	1.1324	0.0001	1.1323
15-Jun-26	1.1352	0.0001	1.1351
15-Jul-26	1.1378	0.0001	1.1377

6. Asset Allocation and Investment Strategies Employed

For the financial year under review, KICF's asset allocation was in Islamic money market and Islamic deposit placements.

Other than the investment strategy stated in the Replacement Prospectus dated 14 August 2023, the designated Fund Manager has not employed any other investment strategy.

There were no significant changes in the Fund's state of affairs during the year.

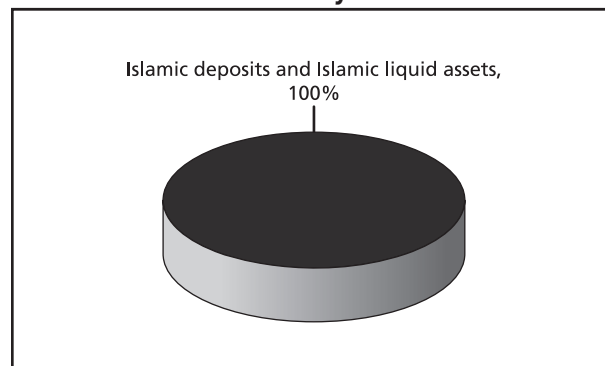
There were no circumstances, which could materially affect any interest of the unit holders.

Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Percentage of NAV as at	
	31/07/2025 (%)	31/07/2026 (%)
Islamic deposits and Islamic liquid assets	100	100

MANAGER'S REPORT

Portfolio of Investment and Other Assets as at 31 July 2026



7. Market Review

Malaysia's exports rose by 45.4% while imports increased by 43.9% Year-on-Year ("YoY") in June. The trade surplus reduced to MYR14.9 billion in June; down from MYR40.4 billion in the previous month. Malaysia's Consumer Price Index ("CPI") was lower at 1.9% YoY in June compared to 2.00% in May.

Malaysian foreign reserves increased in July to USD131.8 billion from USD130.5 billion in June. Meanwhile, Malaysia's Purchasing Managers' Index ("PMI") was flat at 50.7 in July compared to 50.7 in the previous month.

US Treasury yields were higher in July with the Treasury 2-year, 5-year and 10-year benchmark yield closing the month at 4.29%, 4.45% and 4.73% respectively compared to 4.17%, 4.23% and 4.47% in June.

Malaysian Government Securities ("MGS") 3-year, 5-year yield and 10-year yield were higher, ending at 3.30%, 3.49% and 3.70% in July compared to 3.26%, 3.40% and 3.60% in the previous month.

8. Market Outlook and Strategy

Global bond markets remained relatively subdued through early July until escalating Middle East tensions drove a surge in crude oil prices. The renewed prospect of supply chain friction, sticky inflation, and sustained high interest rates triggered a swift sell-off across fixed income assets. Although the US Federal Reserve ("the Fed") committee held rates unchanged during the Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC") meeting in July, the selloff was aggravated by Fed Chairman Kevin Warsh's hawkish stance to fight the US inflation. Most market participants are pricing in a 25 basis point ("bp") hike in September which will bring the Fed Funds Rate up to the 4.00%.

Back in Malaysia, local bonds were also sold off in tandem with global peers with the 10-year MGS spiking up 10 basis points to breach the 3.70% level by the end of July. While Malaysia has been viewed by foreign investors as more resilient than its regional peers due to the local oil & gas industry, the recent political uncertainty has dampened investor confidence. Furthermore, local inflation appeared to be under control after Year-on-Year ("YoY") CPI fell slightly to 1.90% until compared to with the Producer Price Index ("PPI") which further accelerated to an alarming 9.2% YoY suggesting that rising inflation is likely brewing below the surface. Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") left the Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") unchanged at 2.75% during the July MPC but the soft investor sentiment was reflected in the 3 government auctions for the month namely the 10-year MGS 07/2035, 3-year Government Investment Issue ("GII") 10/2029 and 15-year MGS 01/2041 which minted Bid-to-Cover ("BTC") ratios of 1.867x, 2.26x and 2.05x respectively.

Despite the risks of a prolonged conflict in the Middle East and potential rate hikes, bond yields have risen to attractive levels. Hence, we look for opportunities to buy quality assets while keeping an eye on potential inflationary risks. For now, we maintain our conservative stance of medium portfolio duration and an emphasis on high credit quality.

9. Changes made to the Fund's prospectus

There were no changes made to the Fund's prospectus during the reported period.

10. Soft Commission

The Manager had received a soft commission (in the form of goods and services) during the year under review, which intended to bring direct benefit or advantage to the management of KICF from one broker/dealer by virtue of transactions conducted for KICF. The broker/dealer had also executed trades for other funds or investments managed by the Manager.

The soft commission received is in the form of research services that can add value to the investment process by analysing data to extract insights and arrive at meaningful conclusions. Such data assists the Manager in the investment decision-making process which is of demonstrable benefit to unit holders of KICF and other funds or investments managed by the Manager.

The soft commissions received were for the benefit of the Fund, and there was no churning of trades.

11. Other Information

The designated fund manager is Pn. Mass Zalaila binti Masod. Her profile is available on the website, www.kaf.com.my.

KEY PERFORMANCE DATA

Portfolio Composition	As at 31 July			
	2026	2025	2024	
	(Percentage of NAV)			
	%	%	%	
Islamic deposits and Islamic liquid assets	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Total return for the year	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Capital growth	-	-	-	
Income distribution	2,422	5,117	7,682	
Performance	Income Return	Capital Return	Annual Total Return	
	%	%	KICF	Benchmark
	%	%	%	%
Financial year ended				
31/07/2026	0.10	2.95	3.06	1.80
31/07/2025	0.11	2.38	2.49	2.26
31/07/2024	0.11	3.28	3.39	2.53
31/07/2023	0.05	3.09	3.14	2.40
31/07/2022	0.77	1.14	1.91	1.57

Average Total Return	
KICF	Benchmark
%	%

One (1) year
Three (3) years
Five (5) years

3.06 1.80
3.07 2.25
2.96 2.20

Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn Bhd, an independent source.

Basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating the returns:-

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distribution payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follow:-

Capital return = NAV per Unit end / NAV per Unit begin -1

Income return = Income distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1

KEY PERFORMANCE DATA

NAV and Units in Circulation	As at 31 July		
	2026	2025	2024
Total NAV (RM'000)	108,815	95,644	251,952
Units in circulation (in '000)	95,512	86,421	233,064
NAV per unit (RM)	1.1393	1.1067	1.0810
Unit Prices for the year (RM per unit)			
NAV (year high)	1.1393	1.1067	1.0810
NAV (year low)	1.1068	1.0811	1.0468
NAV (year high, ex-distribution)	1.1377	1.1052	1.0793
NAV (year low, ex-distribution)	1.1081	1.0824	1.0480
NAV	1.1393	1.1067	1.0810

Distribution

	2026	
	Sen/unit	Payment Date
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Aug-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	17-Sep-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Oct-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	17-Nov-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Dec-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Jan-26
Interim - gross/net	0.01	16-Feb-26
Interim - gross/net	0.01	16-Mar-26
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Apr-26
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-May-26
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Jun-26
Final - gross/net	0.01	15-Jul-26

Distribution

	2025	
	Sen/unit	Payment Date
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Aug-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	17-Sep-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Oct-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Nov-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	16-Dec-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Jan-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	17-Feb-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	17-Mar-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Apr-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-May-25
Interim - gross/net	0.01	16-Jun-25
Final - gross/net	0.01	15-Jul-25

KEY PERFORMANCE DATA

Distribution	2024	Payment Date
	Sen/unit	
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Aug-23
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Sep-23
Interim - gross/net	0.01	16-Oct-23
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Nov-23
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Dec-23
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Jan-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Feb-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Mar-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-Apr-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	15-May-24
Interim - gross/net	0.01	18-Jun-24
Final - gross/net	0.01	15-Jul-24

	As at 31 July		
	2026	2025	2024
Unit split (unit)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total Expense Ratio ("TER")	0.21%	0.17%	0.17%
Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR")	50.20 times	45.21 times	44.58 times

Note: Total Expense Ratio ("TER") is calculated by taking the total fees and recovered expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size. Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") is calculated by taking the average of the acquisitions and disposal of the Fund divided by the average fund size.

The TER and PTR was higher than the previous year due to decrease in average NAV during the year under review (refer to Note 14 & 15).

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF
KAF iCASH FUND ("FUND")

We hereby confirm the following:

1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, **KAF Investment Funds Berhad** has operated and managed the Fund for the period covered by these financial statements namely, the year ended 31 July 2026, in accordance with Shariah principles and requirements and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and
2. The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant.

For and on behalf of the Shariah Adviser,
BIMB Securities Sdn Bhd

Muhammad Shahier Sa'min
Designated Shariah Person

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
25 September 2026

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF
KAF iCASH FUND

We have acted as the Trustee of **KAF iCash Fund** ("the Fund") for the financial year ended 31 July 2026. To the best of our knowledge, **KAF Investment Funds Berhad** ("the Manager") has managed the Fund in accordance with the following:

- a) Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the Deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- b) Valuation/pricing is carried out in accordance with the Deed and;
- c) Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deed and any regulatory requirements; and
- d) The distributions to the unit holders of the Fund is in line with the investment objectives of the Fund.

For and on behalf of
PB Trustee Services Berhad

Cheah Kuan Yoon
Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
25 September 2026

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF
KAF iCASH FUND

We, **Datuk Khatijah Ahmad** and **Mohammed Reza Tan Sri Abu Talib**, two of the Directors of **KAF Investment Funds Berhad**, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the audited financial statements set out on pages 18 to 50 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 July 2026 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Fund for the financial year ended on that date in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager,
KAF Investment Funds Berhad

Datuk Khatijah Ahmad Director	Mohammed Reza Tan Sri Abu Talib Executive Director
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Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
25 September 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF
KAF iCASH FUND

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of **KAF iCash Fund** ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 July 2026, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 July 2026, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies, as set out on pages 18 to 50.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF
KAF iCASH FUND

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF
KAF iCASH FUND

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF
KAF iCASH FUND

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT
LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146
Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur
25 September 2026

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

	Note	2026 RM	2025 RM
INCOME			
Profit income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		2,587,173	5,428,125
EXPENSES			
Manager's fee	3	(128,951)	(267,893)
Trustee's fee	4	(16,000)	(22,324)
Audit fee		(8,000)	(8,000)
Tax agent's fee		(3,600)	(3,600)
Other expenses		(9,002)	(9,488)
		(165,553)	(311,305)
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		2,421,620	5,116,820
TAXATION	6	-	-
NET PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		2,421,620	5,116,820
Net profit after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount		2,421,620	5,116,820

Total amount for distributions (net) and distributions per unit (gross and net) for the distributions, including the date for each distribution, are disclosed in Note 5.

The accompanying summary of material accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 JULY 2026

	Note	2026 RM	2025 RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	60,077	46,994
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	108,783,847	95,590,011
Amount due from Manager - creation of units		-	35,975
Prepayment	9	-	2,702
TOTAL ASSETS		108,843,924	95,675,682
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager - Manager's fee		7,635	11,556
Amount due to Trustee		5,891	963
Other payables and accruals	11	14,994	18,913
TOTAL LIABILITIES		28,520	31,432
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		108,815,404	95,644,250
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital		73,668,471	62,829,245
Retained earnings		35,146,933	32,815,005
TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS		108,815,404	95,644,250
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	12	95,511,870	86,420,985
NAV PER UNIT		1.1393	1.1067

The accompanying summary of material accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

	Note	Unit holders' capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total RM
BALANCE AS AT 1 AUGUST 2025		62,829,245	32,815,005	95,644,250
Movement in unit holders' capital:				
Creation of units arising from applications		248,928,207	-	248,928,207
Creation of units arising from distributions		31,370	-	31,370
Cancellation of units		(238,120,351)	-	(238,120,351)
		10,839,226	-	10,839,226
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	2,421,620	2,421,620
Distributions	5	-	(89,692)	(89,692)
		-	2,331,928	2,331,928
BALANCE AS AT 31 JULY 2026		73,668,471	35,146,933	108,815,404
BALANCE AS AT 1 AUGUST 2024		224,059,948	27,892,011	251,951,959
Movement in unit holders' capital:				
Creation of units arising from applications		363,306,717	-	363,306,717
Creation of units arising from distributions		76,945	-	76,945
Cancellation of units		(524,614,365)	-	(524,614,365)
		(161,230,703)	-	(161,230,703)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	5,116,820	5,116,820
Distributions	5	-	(193,826)	(193,826)
		-	4,922,994	4,922,994
BALANCE AS AT 31 JULY 2025		62,829,245	32,815,005	95,644,250

The accompanying summary of material accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

	Note	2026 RM	2025 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from maturity of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions		4,045,847,456	8,151,198,844
Placement of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions		(4,059,652,901)	(7,995,617,392)
Profit received from Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions		3,198,782	6,206,913
Manager's fee paid		(132,872)	(283,891)
Trustee's fee paid		(11,072)	(23,657)
Payment of other fees and expenses		(21,819)	(17,887)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities		(10,772,426)	161,462,930
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from creation of units		248,964,182	363,270,742
Payments for cancellation of units		(238,120,351)	(524,614,365)
Payment for distributions		(58,322)	(116,881)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		10,785,509	(161,460,504)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		13,083	2,426
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		46,994	44,568
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	8	60,077	46,994
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash at bank	8	60,077	46,994

The accompanying summary of material accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and International Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note J.

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

(a) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are applicable and effective:

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 August 2025 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective:

- Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 'Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments' (effective 1 January 2026).
 - The amendments clarify that financial assets are derecognised when the rights to the cash flows expire or when the asset is transferred, and financial liabilities are derecognised at the settlement date (i.e. when the liability is extinguished or qualifies for derecognition);
 - There is an optional exception to derecognise a financial liability at a date earlier than the settlement date if the cash transfer takes place through an electronic payment system, provided that all the specified criteria are met;
 - The amendments also clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") criterion;
 - There are additional new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows (such as some financial instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance targets); and

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective: (cont'd)

- Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 'Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments' (effective 1 January 2026). (cont'd)
 - The amendments update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").
- Annual Improvements to MFRS Accounting Standards for enhanced consistency (effective 1 January 2026).
- MFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements' (effective 1 January 2027) replaces MFRS 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'.
 - The new MFRS introduces a new structure of profit or loss statement.

(a) Income and expenses are classified into 3 new main categories:

- (i) Operating category which typically includes results from the main business activities;
- (ii) Investing category that presents the results of investments in associates and joint ventures and other assets that generate a return largely independently of other resources; and
- (iii) Financing category that presents income and expenses from financing liabilities.

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective: (cont'd)

- MFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements' (effective 1 January 2027) replaces MFRS 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'. - (cont'd)
 - The new MFRS introduces a new structure of profit or loss statement. (cont'd)
- (b) Entities are required to present two new specified subtotals: 'Operating profit or loss' and 'Profit or loss before financing and income taxes'.
 - Management-defined performance measures are disclosed in a single note and reconciled to the most similar specified subtotal.
 - Changes to the guidance on aggregation and disaggregation which focus on grouping items based on their shared characteristics.

The Fund is currently still assessing the effect of the above standards and amendments. No other new standards or amendments to standards are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B INCOME RECOGNITION

Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions is recognised using the effective profit rate method on an accrual basis.

Profit income is calculated by applying the effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective profit rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

C DISTRIBUTIONS

A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserve. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the financial year in which it is approved by the Trustee of the Fund.

D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profits earned during the financial year.

E FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its Shariah-compliant investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions.

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

(i) Classification (cont'd)

The contractual cash flows of the Fund's Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are solely principal and profit. However, these Shariah-compliant securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all Shariah-compliant investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities at amortised cost.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Shariah-compliant investments are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the Shariah-compliant investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (cont'd)

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued profit calculated based on the effective profit rate method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective Islamic deposits.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit rate method.

(iii) Impairment for assets carried at amortised cost

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month and lifetime expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Fund defines a financial instrument as default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

(iii) Impairment for assets carried at amortised cost (cont'd)

Qualitative criteria

The obligor meets unlikelihood to pay criteria, which indicates the obligor is in significant financial difficulty. The Fund considers the following instances:

- the obligor is in breach of financial covenants;
- concessions have been made by the creditor relating to the obligor's financial difficulty;
- it is becoming probable that the obligor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- the obligor is insolvent.

Financial instruments that are credit-impaired are assessed on an individual basis.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of obligor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to pay the amount. The Fund may write off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

G CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and Islamic deposits held with licensed financial institutions with original maturities of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

H CREATION AND CANCELLATION OF UNITS

The Fund issues cancellable units, which are cancelled at the unit holder's option and are classified as equity. Cancellable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV. The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable as at the date of the statement of financial position if the unit holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at the unit holder's option at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units.

I UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unit holders' capital to the Fund meet the definition of puttable instruments classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'. Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the unit holders to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units in the Fund over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

I UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL (CONT'D)

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if a unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

J CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENT IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information contents on the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgement to be exercised.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the Securities Commission Malaysia's ("SC") Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

1. THE FUND, THE MANAGER AND THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

KAF iCash Fund (hereinafter referred to as “the Fund”) was constituted pursuant to a Master Deed dated 1 June 2018 (hereinafter referred to as “the Deed”) between KAF Investment Funds Berhad (“the Manager”) and PB Trustee Services Berhad (“the Trustee”) as well as the subsequent issuance of the Supplemental Master Deed dated 22 February 2023.

The principal activity of the Fund is to invest in “Permitted Investments” as defined under the Schedule 7 of the Master Deed, which includes placement of deposits with any financial institutions and any other investments permitted by the SC from time to time. The Fund commenced operations on 3 September 2018 and will continue its operations until terminated according to the conditions in the Deed.

All Shariah-compliant investments will be subject to the SC’s Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, the Deed, except where exemptions and variations have been approved by the SC, internal policies and procedures and the Fund’s objective.

The Manager, KAF Investment Funds Berhad, is incorporated in Malaysia. Its principal activities are the management of unit trusts funds and provision of fund management.

The principal place of business of the Manager is located at Level 13 Menara IQ, Lingkaran TRX, Tun Razak Exchange, 55188 Kuala Lumpur.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments of the Fund as at financial year end are as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at amortised cost	Total
RM	RM	RM

2026

Cash and cash equivalents	-	60,077	60,077
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	108,783,847	-	108,783,847
	<u>108,783,847</u>	<u>60,077</u>	<u>108,843,924</u>

2025

Cash and cash equivalents	-	46,994	46,994
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	95,590,011	-	95,590,011
Amount due from Manager - creation of units	-	35,975	35,975
	<u>95,590,011</u>	<u>82,969</u>	<u>95,672,980</u>

All current liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (including interest rate risk), liquidity risk, credit risk and Shariah status reclassification risk from its financial instruments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the Shariah-compliant investment restrictions as stipulated in the Replacement Prospectus and the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

Market risk

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Fund will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Interest rate is a general economic indicator that will have an impact on the management of the Fund regardless whether it is an Islamic unit trust fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments. All the investments carried out for the Fund are in accordance with Shariah requirements.

The Fund's exposure to the interest rate risk is mainly confined to short-term Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions. Interest rate risk is actively managed by duration targeting based on the interest rate outlook. The Manager overcomes the exposure to interest rate risk by way of maintaining Islamic deposits on a short-term basis.

The effective weighted average profit rate per annum and the average remaining maturities of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions as at the date of the statement of financial position are as follows:

	Weighted average profit rate		Average remaining maturities	
	2026 %	2025 %	2026 Days	2025 Days
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	2.99	3.37	10	60

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulties in meeting its financial obligation. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of Islamic liquid assets to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Islamic liquid assets comprise cash at bank, Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date.

The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month RM	Between 1 month to 1 year RM	Total RM
As at 31 July 2026			
Amount due to Manager			
- Manager's fee	7,635	-	7,635
Amount due to Trustee	5,891	-	5,891
Other payables and accruals	-	14,994	14,994
Contractual undiscounted cash outflows	13,526	14,994	28,520

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Liquidity risk (cont'd)

	Less than 1 month	Between 1 month to 1 year	Total
	RM	RM	RM

As at 31 July 2025

Amount due to Manager			
- Manager's fee	11,556	-	11,556
Amount due to Trustee	963	-	963
Other payables and accruals	-	18,913	18,913
Contractual undiscounted cash outflows	12,519	18,913	31,432

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the inability of an issuer or counterparty to make timely payments of profit, principals and proceeds from realisation of Shariah-compliant investment. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Credit risk arising from placements in Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place Islamic deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Credit risk (cont'd)

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below:

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Cash and cash equivalents	60,077	46,994
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	108,783,847	95,590,011
Other assets*	-	35,975
	108,843,924	95,672,980

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Cash and cash equivalents	Total
RM	RM	RM

As at 31 July 2026

Financial services			
- AA3	-	60,077	60,077
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions			
- AAA	51,328,559	-	51,328,559
- AA3	57,455,288	-	57,455,288
	108,783,847	60,077	108,843,924

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Credit risk (cont'd)

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund: (cont'd)

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Cash and cash equivalents	Other assets*	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
As at 31 July 2025				
Financial services				
- AA3	-	46,994	-	46,994
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions				
- AAA	45,419,301	-	-	45,419,301
- AA3	50,170,710	-	-	50,170,710
Others				
- not rated	-	-	35,975	35,975
	<u>95,590,011</u>	<u>46,994</u>	<u>35,975</u>	<u>95,672,980</u>

* Other assets comprise of amount due from Manager - creation of units.

Shariah status reclassification risk

This risk refers to the risk of a possibility that the currently held Islamic deposits placed by the Fund may be declared as Shariah non-compliant by the relevant authority or the Shariah Adviser. If this occurs, the Manager will take the necessary steps to withdraw such deposits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unit holders' capital and retained earnings. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unit holders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the Shariah-compliant investment activities of the Fund.

Fair value estimation

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. exit price).

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as publicly-traded Shariah-compliant securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial year end date.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the assets and liabilities take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents and all current liabilities are reasonable approximations of their fair values due to their short-term nature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Fair value hierarchy

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Fair value hierarchy (cont'd)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
RM	RM	RM	RM

As at 31 July 2026

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

- Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	- 108,783,847	- 108,783,847
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As at 31 July 2025

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

- Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	- 95,590,011	- 95,590,011
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D)

Fair value hierarchy (cont'd)

Financial instruments that are traded in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note F.

3. MANAGER'S FEE

Clause 13.1.2 of the Master Deed provides that the Manager is entitled to an annual management fee at a rate not exceeding 1.50% per annum based on the Fund's NAV on a daily basis before deducting the Manager's and Trustee's fees for that particular day.

The Manager's fee provided in the financial statements is computed on this basis at a rate of 0.15% (2025: 0.15%) per annum.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of Manager's fee other than amounts recognised in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

4. TRUSTEE'S FEE

Clause 13.2.2 of the Master Deed provides that the Trustee is entitled to an annual trustee fee at a rate not exceeding 0.15% per annum based on the Fund's NAV on a daily basis before deducting the Manager's and Trustee's fees calculated for that particular day or subject to a minimum of RM15,000 per annum.

The Trustee's fee provided in the financial statements is computed based on this basis at a rate of 0.0125% (2025: 0.0125%) per annum.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of Trustee's fee other than the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

5. DISTRIBUTIONS

	Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)	
	2026 Sen/unit	2025 Sen/unit
Gross/Net distribution for the financial year:		
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 15/08/2025 (2025: 15/08/2024)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 17/09/2025 (2025: 17/09/2024)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 15/10/2025 (2025: 15/10/2024)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 17/11/2025 (2025: 15/11/2024)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 15/12/2025 (2025: 16/12/2024)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 15/01/2026 (2025: 15/01/2025)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 16/02/2026 (2025: 17/02/2025)	0.01	0.01

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

5. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D)

	Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)	
	2026 Sen/unit	2025 Sen/unit
Gross/Net distribution for the financial year:		
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 16/03/2026 (2025: 17/03/2025)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 15/04/2026 (2025: 15/04/2025)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 15/05/2026 (2025: 15/05/2025)	0.01	0.01
Interim, declared and; reinvested on 15/06/2026 (2025: 16/06/2025)	0.01	0.01
Final, declared and; reinvested on 15/07/2026 (2025: 15/07/2025)	0.01	0.01
Total gross/net distribution per unit (sen)	0.12	0.12
Distributions to unit holders are from the following sources:		
Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	249,518	508,041
Gross realised income	249,518	508,041
Less:		
Expenses	(159,826)	(314,215)
Gross/Net distribution	89,692	193,826

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of unit in circulation.

The distributions are made from current financial year's net realised income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

6. TAXATION

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Current taxation		
- Malaysia taxation	-	-

The numerical reconciliation between net profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Net profit before taxation	2,421,620	5,116,820
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2025: 24%)	581,189	1,228,037
Tax effects of:		
Investment income not subject to tax	(620,922)	(1,302,750)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	6,084	7,784
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust funds	33,649	66,929
Tax expense	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
- Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions*	108,783,847	95,590,011

*Includes profit receivables of RM107,555 (2025: RM719,165). A total of RM18,413,522 (2025: RM15,301,833) of short-term Islamic deposits are placed with KAF Investment Bank Berhad, the intermediate holding company of the Manager.

The weighted average profit rate and the average remaining maturities of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are shown in Note 2 to the financial statements.

The Fund's Shariah-compliant investments in Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are short-term in nature. Therefore, the fair values of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are taken to approximate their carrying values.

8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Cash at bank	60,077	46,994

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

9. PREPAYMENT

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Prepayment of Shariah advisory fee	-	2,702

10. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund comprises instruments which have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Advisory Council of Bank Negara Malaysia.

11. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Audit and tax agent's fees	13,262	17,453
Sundry accruals	1,732	1,460
	14,994	18,913

12. NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	2026 Number of units	2025 Number of units
At the beginning of the financial year	86,420,985	233,063,796
Creation of units arising from applications	221,270,590	332,539,327
Creation of units arising from distributions	28,029	70,402
Cancellation of units	(212,207,734)	(479,252,540)
At the end of the financial year	95,511,870	86,420,985

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

13. UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND RELATED PARTIES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	Relationships
KAF Investment Funds Berhad	The Manager
KAF-Seagroatt & Campbell Berhad	Immediate holding company of the Manager
AKKA Sdn Bhd	Ultimate holding company of the Manager
KAF Enhanced Bond Fund KAF Dana Alif	Funds managed by the Manager
Subsidiaries and associates of the ultimate holding company of the Manager as disclosed in its financial statements	Subsidiaries and associated companies of the ultimate holding company of the Manager

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

**13. UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND RELATED PARTIES
(CONT'D)**

	2026		2025	
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
KAF Investment Funds Berhad	8	9	62	69
KAF Enhanced Bond Fund	926,452	1,055,507	926,149	1,024,969
KAF Dana Alif	1,820,267	2,073,830	1,819,673	2,013,832
Subsidiaries and associates of the ultimate holding company of the Manager	145,465	165,728	3,109,585	3,441,378

The above units were transacted at the prevailing market price. All related party units are held beneficially, except for the Manager where the units are held legally.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2026

14. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	2026	2025
TER	0.21%	0.17%

TER is derived from the following calculation:

$$\text{TER} = \frac{(A+B+C+D+E) \times 100}{F}$$

- A = Manager's fee
- B = Trustee's fee
- C = Audit fee
- D = Tax agent's fee
- E = Other expenses
- F = Average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis was RM80,726,294 (2025: RM178,594,868).

15. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	2026	2025
PTR	50.20 times	45.21 times

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

$$\frac{(\text{Total acquisition for the financial year} + \text{total disposal for the financial year}) \div 2}{\text{Average NAV of the Fund}}$$

for the financial year calculated on a daily basis

where: total acquisition for the financial year
= RM4,059,652,901 (2025: RM7,995,617,392)
total disposal for the financial year
= RM4,045,847,456 (2025: RM8,151,198,844)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Manager

KAF Investment Funds Berhad
Reg. No: 199501004999

Registered Office

Level 13A, Menara IQ
Lingkaran TRX
Tun Razak Exchange
55188 Kuala Lumpur

Business Office

Level 13, Menara IQ
Lingkaran TRX
Tun Razak Exchange
55188 Kuala Lumpur
Tel: 03-9767 6000 Fax: 03-9767 6001
Website: www.kaf.com.my

Board of Directors

Datuk Khatijah binti Ahmad
Mohammed Reza Tan Sri Abu Talib
Nor Rejina binti Abdul Rahim
Tunku Rozita binti Tunku Abdul Malek

Secretary

Siti Nurmazita binti Mustapha (LS 0009160)

Trustee

PB Trustee Services Berhad

Auditor & Reporting Accountant

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT

Tax Adviser

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Berhad

Shariah Adviser

BIMB Securities Sdn Bhd
Reg. No: 199401004484

Banker

Alliance Bank (M) Berhad

KAF Investment Funds Berhad Reg. No: 199501004999
Level 13, Menara IQ,
Lingkaran TRX, Tun Razak Exchange
55188 Kuala Lumpur
Tel: 03-9767 6000 Fax: 03-9767 6001

For more information,
log on to **www.kaf.com.my**